

# Molecular Bases of Psychic Talent

Alejandro Álvarez



**SOCIETY  
FOR  
SCIENTIFIC  
EXPLORATION**

1  
00:00:08,950 --> 00:00:06,389

[Music]

2  
00:00:11,110 --> 00:00:08,960

welcome everyone we are in the edge

3  
00:00:13,749 --> 00:00:11,120

science room tonight and we're going to

4  
00:00:16,390 --> 00:00:13,759

hear alex alvarez discuss

5  
00:00:18,150 --> 00:00:16,400

issues related to psy and looks like

6  
00:00:20,470 --> 00:00:18,160

biochemistry to me some really

7  
00:00:23,590 --> 00:00:20,480

interesting things coming out of an

8  
00:00:26,710 --> 00:00:23,600

up-and-coming really booming

9  
00:00:28,710 --> 00:00:26,720

uh laboratory in mexico that you're

10  
00:00:30,870 --> 00:00:28,720

going to be seeing other presentations

11  
00:00:33,110 --> 00:00:30,880

on over the next couple days

12  
00:00:36,389 --> 00:00:33,120

uh we're really happy to have alex with

13  
00:00:38,389 --> 00:00:36,399

us tonight and uh after this

14

00:00:40,549 --> 00:00:38,399

we're gonna have the standard q a that

15

00:00:43,270 --> 00:00:40,559

we'll have and then we're gonna have a

16

00:00:46,549 --> 00:00:43,280

final event that's going to be

17

00:00:48,869 --> 00:00:46,559

in the lounge at 8 00 p.m eastern time

18

00:00:50,150 --> 00:00:48,879

it's about an hour from now and that

19

00:00:52,389 --> 00:00:50,160

will be a

20

00:00:54,630 --> 00:00:52,399

performance art piece it should be

21

00:00:56,630 --> 00:00:54,640

really interesting gonna be different

22

00:00:58,869 --> 00:00:56,640

than what you've seen so far and it will

23

00:01:01,349 --> 00:00:58,879

definitely be informative and

24

00:01:03,430 --> 00:01:01,359

entertaining so i hope to see you over

25

00:01:05,509 --> 00:01:03,440

there for now i'm going to turn it over

26  
00:01:06,630 --> 00:01:05,519  
to lloyd thank you very much for being

27  
00:01:07,990 --> 00:01:06,640  
here lloyd

28  
00:01:09,910 --> 00:01:08,000  
thank you

29  
00:01:11,830 --> 00:01:09,920  
thanks john all right everybody so

30  
00:01:14,070 --> 00:01:11,840  
here's the deal um alex will get started

31  
00:01:16,070 --> 00:01:14,080  
here in a moment please put any of your

32  
00:01:17,910 --> 00:01:16,080  
questions in the chat um i will be kind

33  
00:01:21,830 --> 00:01:17,920  
of keeping an eye on the chat

34  
00:01:24,230 --> 00:01:21,840  
and at the end of alex's uh presentation

35  
00:01:26,950 --> 00:01:24,240  
i'll be asking questions on your behalf

36  
00:01:29,590 --> 00:01:26,960  
uh about 10 minutes or so to answer some

37  
00:01:31,749 --> 00:01:29,600  
questions at that point and then of

38  
00:01:33,910 --> 00:01:31,759

course um i'll remind everybody about

39

00:01:35,030 --> 00:01:33,920

sally drucker's presentation

40

00:01:37,109 --> 00:01:35,040

at the end

41

00:01:39,510 --> 00:01:37,119

all right we are being recorded so alex

42

00:01:42,389 --> 00:01:39,520

alvarez please take it away thank you

43

00:01:45,270 --> 00:01:42,399

john for the introduction well i'm

44

00:01:49,190 --> 00:01:45,280

proceeding to share my screen

45

00:01:52,310 --> 00:01:49,200

i'm alex alvarez and i'm going to

46

00:01:55,590 --> 00:01:52,320

present the preliminary results of a

47

00:01:58,469 --> 00:01:55,600

series of bioinformatics analysis

48

00:01:59,990 --> 00:01:58,479

that a concern

49

00:02:02,389 --> 00:02:00,000

concerning

50

00:02:10,309 --> 00:02:02,399

protein that might be involved in the

51  
00:02:13,589 --> 00:02:11,830  
it is a

52  
00:02:15,430 --> 00:02:13,599  
a popular belief

53  
00:02:18,470 --> 00:02:15,440  
especially in

54  
00:02:19,350 --> 00:02:18,480  
some cultural and folkloric traditions

55  
00:02:22,550 --> 00:02:19,360  
that

56  
00:02:23,830 --> 00:02:22,560  
psychic abilities may run in families

57  
00:02:26,070 --> 00:02:23,840  
and

58  
00:02:28,470 --> 00:02:26,080  
fortunately we have

59  
00:02:30,869 --> 00:02:28,480  
evidence of different kinds

60  
00:02:32,869 --> 00:02:30,879  
that support this idea

61  
00:02:36,869 --> 00:02:32,879  
this comes from

62  
00:02:38,390 --> 00:02:36,879  
different esp studios

63  
00:02:39,750 --> 00:02:38,400

from a

64

00:02:42,229 --> 00:02:39,760

service

65

00:02:44,630 --> 00:02:43,350

there is

66

00:02:47,030 --> 00:02:44,640

one

67

00:02:48,830 --> 00:02:47,040

pedigree analysis which is an analysis

68

00:02:51,270 --> 00:02:48,840

of the family history of different

69

00:02:55,030 --> 00:02:51,280

people this was

70

00:02:56,949 --> 00:02:55,040

done by sharokin in scotland

71

00:02:58,910 --> 00:02:56,959

and she

72

00:03:01,509 --> 00:02:58,920

interviewed around

73

00:03:04,550 --> 00:03:01,519

130 individuals

74

00:03:06,630 --> 00:03:04,560

that claimed to have an ability called

75

00:03:08,390 --> 00:03:06,640

second site this is a

76

00:03:11,670 --> 00:03:08,400

kind of

77

00:03:13,190 --> 00:03:11,680

it's like some sort of clairvoyance and

78

00:03:16,229 --> 00:03:13,200

mixed with

79

00:03:21,830 --> 00:03:18,630

and it's a typical ability

80

00:03:24,789 --> 00:03:21,840

in the scottish people

81

00:03:26,229 --> 00:03:24,799

mainly in the highlands of scotland

82

00:03:29,509 --> 00:03:26,239

so she

83

00:03:31,430 --> 00:03:29,519

found a consistent pattern across

84

00:03:32,470 --> 00:03:31,440

all of the individuals that she

85

00:03:33,270 --> 00:03:32,480

interviewed

86

00:03:34,789 --> 00:03:33,280

and

87

00:03:36,650 --> 00:03:34,799

proposed that

88

00:03:38,070 --> 00:03:36,660

this ability

89

00:03:39,750 --> 00:03:38,080

[Music]

90

00:03:41,670 --> 00:03:39,760

adjusted to an

91

00:03:45,190 --> 00:03:41,680

autosomal dominant

92

00:03:48,070 --> 00:03:45,200

model of inheritance this means that

93

00:03:49,430 --> 00:03:48,080

whatever is this trade it is not

94

00:03:51,910 --> 00:03:49,440

associated with

95

00:03:54,309 --> 00:03:51,920

sexual chromosomes

96

00:03:55,830 --> 00:03:54,319

and finally we have

97

00:03:58,550 --> 00:03:55,840

but i think it's the

98

00:04:03,429 --> 00:03:58,560

most striking evidence so far

99

00:04:09,350 --> 00:04:07,830

in which a team led by helani

100

00:04:10,470 --> 00:04:09,360

found a

101  
00:04:18,390 --> 00:04:10,480  
gene

102  
00:04:22,069 --> 00:04:20,870  
that uh well dejean has

103  
00:04:23,749 --> 00:04:22,079  
their

104  
00:04:25,830 --> 00:04:23,759  
specific variant in

105  
00:04:30,390 --> 00:04:25,840  
non-psychic people and

106  
00:04:32,629 --> 00:04:30,400  
another variant in psychic people

107  
00:04:34,710 --> 00:04:32,639  
so

108  
00:04:36,710 --> 00:04:34,720  
well before we

109  
00:04:37,990 --> 00:04:36,720  
proceed there's

110  
00:04:42,230 --> 00:04:38,000  
a couple of

111  
00:04:45,350 --> 00:04:44,150  
to show you

112  
00:04:47,670 --> 00:04:45,360  
in order to

113  
00:04:50,070 --> 00:04:47,680

understand what's coming next the first

114

00:04:52,150 --> 00:04:50,080

one is the single nucleotide

115

00:04:56,469 --> 00:04:52,160

polymorphism

116

00:04:59,270 --> 00:04:56,479

or snip as it is abbreviated

117

00:05:01,350 --> 00:04:59,280

refers to a variation in a unique

118

00:05:02,790 --> 00:05:01,360

position of a

119

00:05:04,710 --> 00:05:02,800

nucleotide of

120

00:05:06,070 --> 00:05:04,720

any human gene

121

00:05:09,270 --> 00:05:06,080

and

122

00:05:11,350 --> 00:05:09,280

well in order to be considered a sleep

123

00:05:14,310 --> 00:05:11,360

it has to be present in at least one

124

00:05:15,670 --> 00:05:14,320

percent of a given population

125

00:05:16,870 --> 00:05:15,680

if

126  
00:05:17,990 --> 00:05:16,880  
because

127  
00:05:19,430 --> 00:05:18,000  
many times

128  
00:05:21,350 --> 00:05:19,440  
we can have

129  
00:05:25,510 --> 00:05:21,360  
specific variations both that are only

130  
00:05:26,870 --> 00:05:25,520  
present in a very few people

131  
00:05:28,710 --> 00:05:26,880  
so

132  
00:05:31,110 --> 00:05:28,720  
the snips are present in at least one

133  
00:05:32,310 --> 00:05:31,120  
percent of a population

134  
00:05:34,230 --> 00:05:32,320  
the other

135  
00:05:36,710 --> 00:05:34,240  
concept is the

136  
00:05:39,990 --> 00:05:36,720  
protein isoforms

137  
00:05:42,710 --> 00:05:40,000  
a protein isoform is a variation of a

138  
00:05:47,909 --> 00:05:46,310

that is encoded by the same

139

00:05:48,950 --> 00:05:47,919

gene

140

00:05:50,070 --> 00:05:48,960

in this case

141

00:05:53,430 --> 00:05:50,080

we have the

142

00:05:56,070 --> 00:05:53,440

gene the dna which is first

143

00:05:57,670 --> 00:05:56,080

partly transcribed into three messenger

144

00:05:59,670 --> 00:05:57,680

rna

145

00:06:02,870 --> 00:05:59,680

and we have two types of gradients the

146

00:06:05,590 --> 00:06:02,880

coding regions which are the

147

00:06:07,909 --> 00:06:05,600

boxes and the non-coding ones which are

148

00:06:11,430 --> 00:06:07,919

the black lines so

149

00:06:15,189 --> 00:06:11,440

through alternative splicing which is

150

00:06:16,950 --> 00:06:15,199

a way of processing this

151  
00:06:18,710 --> 00:06:16,960  
piece of

152  
00:06:22,070 --> 00:06:18,720  
rna

153  
00:06:23,270 --> 00:06:22,080  
we can have different uh

154  
00:06:26,070 --> 00:06:23,280  
pro

155  
00:06:27,029 --> 00:06:26,080  
splice and rnas

156  
00:06:29,510 --> 00:06:27,039  
and

157  
00:06:31,990 --> 00:06:29,520  
this will be translated into

158  
00:06:34,550 --> 00:06:32,000  
slightly different proteins which is

159  
00:06:35,990 --> 00:06:34,560  
what we call protein ice forms

160  
00:06:38,790 --> 00:06:36,000  
as you can see

161  
00:06:42,230 --> 00:06:38,800  
protein ice forms share some

162  
00:06:43,749 --> 00:06:42,240  
parts of the gene both differ norms

163  
00:06:45,189 --> 00:06:43,759

and

164

00:06:49,350 --> 00:06:45,199

finally

165

00:06:52,870 --> 00:06:49,360

the concept of homologous characters

166

00:06:55,990 --> 00:06:52,880

at structural and molecular level

167

00:06:58,150 --> 00:06:56,000

when we look at a phylogenetic tree

168

00:06:59,749 --> 00:06:58,160

we have a series of

169

00:07:00,830 --> 00:06:59,759

characters

170

00:07:06,870 --> 00:07:00,840

and

171

00:07:11,830 --> 00:07:09,990

these characters need to be uh

172

00:07:14,309 --> 00:07:11,840

evolutionarily related in order to be

173

00:07:16,710 --> 00:07:14,319

placed in a phylogenetic tree but many

174

00:07:18,870 --> 00:07:16,720

times the these

175

00:07:19,990 --> 00:07:18,880

evolutionary relationships are not so

176

00:07:21,270 --> 00:07:20,000

obvious

177

00:07:24,150 --> 00:07:21,280

for example

178

00:07:27,270 --> 00:07:24,160

we take the fin of a whale the arm of a

179

00:07:28,830 --> 00:07:27,280

human being the leg of a lizard and the

180

00:07:31,749 --> 00:07:28,840

wing of a

181

00:07:33,909 --> 00:07:31,759

bird at first we may think that

182

00:07:36,469 --> 00:07:33,919

there is no relationship between them

183

00:07:38,950 --> 00:07:36,479

but when we look at the bones

184

00:07:41,350 --> 00:07:38,960

each of these structures we are going to

185

00:07:43,830 --> 00:07:41,360

see that they are exactly the same bones

186

00:07:45,830 --> 00:07:43,840

but they have suffered different

187

00:07:47,189 --> 00:07:45,840

modifications

188

00:07:49,110 --> 00:07:47,199

so

189

00:07:51,510 --> 00:07:49,120

these all of these

190

00:07:53,350 --> 00:07:51,520

characters are said to be homologous

191

00:07:56,710 --> 00:07:53,360

because

192

00:07:58,950 --> 00:07:56,720

they come from a single common ancestor

193

00:08:00,629 --> 00:07:58,960

and this also happens at the molecular

194

00:08:03,909 --> 00:08:00,639

level

195

00:08:09,029 --> 00:08:06,390

we have two kinds of

196

00:08:11,909 --> 00:08:09,039

homologous genes

197

00:08:15,029 --> 00:08:11,919

the first one is ortollo blue genes this

198

00:08:17,270 --> 00:08:15,039

is the same protein in

199

00:08:18,790 --> 00:08:17,280

in different organisms you take for

200

00:08:21,350 --> 00:08:18,800

example the

201  
00:08:23,270 --> 00:08:21,360  
the monologuing gene from the frog the

202  
00:08:25,830 --> 00:08:23,280  
human and the mouse

203  
00:08:26,950 --> 00:08:25,840  
it is the same gene but is present in

204  
00:08:29,589 --> 00:08:26,960  
different

205  
00:08:31,510 --> 00:08:29,599  
organs so this is what we call

206  
00:08:32,870 --> 00:08:31,520  
orthologues or

207  
00:08:34,070 --> 00:08:32,880  
ortolos

208  
00:08:36,550 --> 00:08:34,080  
and

209  
00:08:38,310 --> 00:08:36,560  
we also can have within the same

210  
00:08:41,029 --> 00:08:38,320  
organism

211  
00:08:43,750 --> 00:08:41,039  
different genes that are evolutionarily

212  
00:08:47,190 --> 00:08:43,760  
related like the

213  
00:08:49,910 --> 00:08:47,200

alpha chain of the hemoglobin from mouse

214

00:08:53,590 --> 00:08:49,920

and also the beta chain and

215

00:08:54,389 --> 00:08:53,600

another protein called myoglobu

216

00:08:57,110 --> 00:08:54,399

so

217

00:08:59,350 --> 00:08:57,120

these are present in the same organism

218

00:09:03,509 --> 00:08:59,360

and are evolutionarily related this is

219

00:09:03,519 --> 00:09:06,630

well

220

00:09:11,030 --> 00:09:09,910

so what's what about the tnrc

221

00:09:13,670 --> 00:09:11,040

engine

222

00:09:15,750 --> 00:09:13,680

as we said this is the gene that

223

00:09:17,300 --> 00:09:15,760

uh what they tell proposed in their

224

00:09:18,389 --> 00:09:17,310

studio to be

225

00:09:20,790 --> 00:09:18,399

[Music]

226

00:09:22,550 --> 00:09:20,800

that it could be involved in

227

00:09:24,550 --> 00:09:22,560

psychic function

228

00:09:26,389 --> 00:09:24,560

this gene encodes a massive protein

229

00:09:28,470 --> 00:09:26,399

which is 10 times

230

00:09:31,509 --> 00:09:28,480

the size of the average protein

231

00:09:35,269 --> 00:09:31,519

the average protein is around 300 amino

232

00:09:37,590 --> 00:09:35,279

acids this protein is around 3 000 amino

233

00:09:40,550 --> 00:09:37,600

acids its function and structure have

234

00:09:42,070 --> 00:09:40,560

not been properly elucidated yet

235

00:09:44,230 --> 00:09:42,080

and

236

00:09:45,269 --> 00:09:44,240

but it's known that it expresses in many

237

00:09:47,190 --> 00:09:45,279

organs

238

00:09:48,550 --> 00:09:47,200

throughout the body and in different

239

00:09:52,310 --> 00:09:48,560

brain regions

240

00:09:53,590 --> 00:09:52,320

and this gene has nine isoforms which is

241

00:09:56,870 --> 00:09:53,600

also

242

00:09:57,910 --> 00:09:56,880

far above the average of

243

00:10:00,070 --> 00:09:57,920

most of

244

00:10:07,430 --> 00:10:00,080

human proteins which have

245

00:10:10,310 --> 00:10:09,030

well

246

00:10:12,150 --> 00:10:10,320

as i said

247

00:10:15,110 --> 00:10:12,160

this gene expresses

248

00:10:18,150 --> 00:10:15,120

different brain structures specifically

249

00:10:21,509 --> 00:10:18,160

in the cerebral cortex the hippocampus

250

00:10:22,389 --> 00:10:21,519

the caudate nucleus and the cerebellum

251  
00:10:24,710 --> 00:10:22,399  
and

252  
00:10:26,870 --> 00:10:24,720  
it has different levels of expressions

253  
00:10:29,430 --> 00:10:26,880  
depending on the

254  
00:10:33,750 --> 00:10:29,440  
the cell type of each of these

255  
00:10:36,630 --> 00:10:35,350  
and

256  
00:10:37,750 --> 00:10:36,640  
what i

257  
00:10:42,470 --> 00:10:37,760  
did here

258  
00:10:46,150 --> 00:10:42,480  
was a series of bioinformatics analysis

259  
00:10:49,350 --> 00:10:46,160  
i initially took the sequence of the dnr

260  
00:10:50,310 --> 00:10:49,360  
c18 gene from human

261  
00:10:51,670 --> 00:10:50,320  
and

262  
00:10:53,030 --> 00:10:51,680  
launch it

263  
00:10:55,190 --> 00:10:53,040

to a

264

00:10:57,670 --> 00:10:55,200

specific database of completely

265

00:10:59,590 --> 00:10:57,680

sequenced genomes

266

00:11:02,710 --> 00:10:59,600

in order to look for

267

00:11:05,110 --> 00:11:02,720

homologous or evolutionarily related

268

00:11:11,030 --> 00:11:07,990

then i perform a series of structural

269

00:11:15,509 --> 00:11:13,350

specifically the prediction of the

270

00:11:16,630 --> 00:11:15,519

secondary structure of a protein which

271

00:11:19,030 --> 00:11:16,640

is the

272

00:11:21,110 --> 00:11:19,040

specific conformations that

273

00:11:22,550 --> 00:11:21,120

some parts of the proteins

274

00:11:24,790 --> 00:11:22,560

adopt

275

00:11:27,269 --> 00:11:24,800

i also

276

00:11:30,150 --> 00:11:27,279

did an empirical modeling of possible

277

00:11:31,509 --> 00:11:30,160

protein domains a protein domain

278

00:11:33,269 --> 00:11:31,519

is a

279

00:11:34,389 --> 00:11:33,279

protein region that

280

00:11:35,430 --> 00:11:34,399

has a

281

00:11:37,829 --> 00:11:35,440

specific

282

00:11:41,110 --> 00:11:37,839

structure and function

283

00:11:43,190 --> 00:11:41,120

this function can be catalytic but also

284

00:11:44,550 --> 00:11:43,200

regulatory

285

00:11:46,310 --> 00:11:44,560

or strong

286

00:11:48,389 --> 00:11:46,320

and

287

00:11:50,629 --> 00:11:48,399

well i also predicted

288

00:11:52,790 --> 00:11:50,639

the composition in terms of disordered

289

00:11:57,030 --> 00:11:52,800

radiance this in contrast with the

290

00:11:59,750 --> 00:11:57,040

protein domains are radians that as its

291

00:12:02,470 --> 00:11:59,760

name says is our disorder they do not

292

00:12:04,790 --> 00:12:02,480

adopt a specific structure

293

00:12:07,590 --> 00:12:04,800

and finally i perform a series of

294

00:12:08,470 --> 00:12:07,600

sequence alignments

295

00:12:11,990 --> 00:12:08,480

with

296

00:12:15,190 --> 00:12:12,000

some of the domains that i identified

297

00:12:17,030 --> 00:12:15,200

in order to see if they were present in

298

00:12:19,750 --> 00:12:17,040

this program

299

00:12:21,590 --> 00:12:19,760

in the tnr c18

300

00:12:24,870 --> 00:12:21,600

well

301  
00:12:27,509 --> 00:12:24,880  
the first part of the results concerning

302  
00:12:31,750 --> 00:12:27,519  
the distribution of the

303  
00:12:33,350 --> 00:12:31,760  
sequences found in this database

304  
00:12:35,350 --> 00:12:33,360  
these are the

305  
00:12:38,389 --> 00:12:35,360  
this is the distribution of the

306  
00:12:39,190 --> 00:12:38,399  
dnrc8 potential homologs and

307  
00:12:48,870 --> 00:12:39,200  
i

308  
00:12:53,670 --> 00:12:48,880  
mostly an exploratory search

309  
00:12:56,629 --> 00:12:53,680  
so far it is not possible to discern if

310  
00:12:59,030 --> 00:12:56,639  
all of the sequence that i found are

311  
00:13:00,069 --> 00:12:59,040  
really evolutionarily related

312  
00:13:03,509 --> 00:13:00,079  
or

313  
00:13:05,750 --> 00:13:03,519

they are similar to the tnr18 protein

314

00:13:09,110 --> 00:13:05,760

because of chance this is

315

00:13:11,509 --> 00:13:09,120

something that happens a lot in

316

00:13:13,190 --> 00:13:11,519

when someone

317

00:13:15,590 --> 00:13:13,200

searches a

318

00:13:17,509 --> 00:13:15,600

specific gene sequence against a very

319

00:13:18,310 --> 00:13:17,519

large database

320

00:13:20,470 --> 00:13:18,320

so

321

00:13:22,710 --> 00:13:20,480

in this case

322

00:13:27,990 --> 00:13:25,190

proteins that are similar and

323

00:13:30,069 --> 00:13:28,000

are mainly found in animals

324

00:13:31,670 --> 00:13:30,079

which is the

325

00:13:34,389 --> 00:13:31,680

thing is like

326

00:13:38,230 --> 00:13:34,399

some kind of orange color here

327

00:13:41,110 --> 00:13:38,240

and also in plants which is

328

00:13:42,069 --> 00:13:41,120

this great slice

329

00:13:45,829 --> 00:13:42,079

and

330

00:13:50,470 --> 00:13:45,839

i found a very few heats in

331

00:13:54,790 --> 00:13:50,480

fungi in protists and in prokaryotes

332

00:13:59,509 --> 00:13:58,710

so within animals i found that most of

333

00:14:03,030 --> 00:13:59,519

the

334

00:14:05,189 --> 00:14:03,040

chordates

335

00:14:06,470 --> 00:14:05,199

which is the group to which

336

00:14:08,550 --> 00:14:06,480

we belong as

337

00:14:09,509 --> 00:14:08,560

human beings

338

00:14:12,150 --> 00:14:09,519

and

339

00:14:14,310 --> 00:14:12,160

also a vast number of new

340

00:14:15,509 --> 00:14:14,320

arthropods and to a lesser degree in

341

00:14:16,710 --> 00:14:15,519

moles

342

00:14:18,870 --> 00:14:16,720

worms

343

00:14:21,030 --> 00:14:18,880

sea urchins and

344

00:14:23,030 --> 00:14:21,040

jellyfish

345

00:14:24,629 --> 00:14:23,040

and this is the

346

00:14:27,030 --> 00:14:24,639

interesting part

347

00:14:33,750 --> 00:14:30,710

these are not potential homologs but

348

00:14:35,590 --> 00:14:33,760

the dnrc18 gene

349

00:14:39,430 --> 00:14:35,600

but

350

00:14:41,509 --> 00:14:39,440

found in many other organisms other than

351  
00:14:43,269 --> 00:14:41,519  
humans

352  
00:14:46,310 --> 00:14:43,279  
as you can see

353  
00:14:49,829 --> 00:14:46,320  
it is mainly found in mammals

354  
00:14:52,710 --> 00:14:49,839  
but also in almost all main vertebrae

355  
00:14:55,430 --> 00:14:52,720  
groups like fish

356  
00:14:56,829 --> 00:14:55,440  
reptiles which are divided into

357  
00:15:01,750 --> 00:14:56,839  
crocodiles and

358  
00:15:06,629 --> 00:15:04,550  
and we also found it in

359  
00:15:10,710 --> 00:15:06,639  
some art roblox

360  
00:15:13,509 --> 00:15:10,720  
and in one flat one the only

361  
00:15:16,710 --> 00:15:13,519  
vertebrate rooting which i did not found

362  
00:15:18,710 --> 00:15:16,720  
any kids for this protein

363  
00:15:19,590 --> 00:15:18,720

was the amphibians

364

00:15:22,069 --> 00:15:19,600

but

365

00:15:24,949 --> 00:15:22,079

this not necessarily means that

366

00:15:26,949 --> 00:15:24,959

it is not present in amphibians it could

367

00:15:27,670 --> 00:15:26,959

also mean that

368

00:15:31,749 --> 00:15:27,680

the

369

00:15:34,870 --> 00:15:31,759

sequence of this gene has diverged

370

00:15:36,629 --> 00:15:34,880

at a very fast rate and

371

00:15:39,110 --> 00:15:36,639

it is no longer

372

00:15:42,550 --> 00:15:39,120

identified through simple searches like

373

00:15:45,910 --> 00:15:42,560

this we will need to perform uh most

374

00:15:47,030 --> 00:15:45,920

robust searches and analysis if we want

375

00:15:49,990 --> 00:15:47,040

to

376

00:15:55,590 --> 00:15:50,000

identify if this gene is really absent

377

00:15:58,389 --> 00:15:56,629

so

378

00:16:00,710 --> 00:15:58,399

what about the functions

379

00:16:03,590 --> 00:16:00,720

associated with all of the sequences

380

00:16:07,350 --> 00:16:06,470

here is the number of hits that

381

00:16:10,870 --> 00:16:07,360

are

382

00:16:14,310 --> 00:16:10,880

annotated with a specific function

383

00:16:18,470 --> 00:16:17,350

the most common function is this the bah

384

00:16:19,560 --> 00:16:18,480

which

385

00:16:21,509 --> 00:16:19,570

stands for the

386

00:16:23,350 --> 00:16:21,519

[Music]

387

00:16:25,430 --> 00:16:23,360

this is the name of the a specific

388

00:16:28,550 --> 00:16:25,440

domain

389

00:16:30,310 --> 00:16:28,560

and it is found mainly in plants

390

00:16:34,470 --> 00:16:30,320

uh but also

391

00:16:39,590 --> 00:16:37,189

this

392

00:16:43,350 --> 00:16:39,600

protein domain is involved in the

393

00:16:48,470 --> 00:16:45,829

we also found the

394

00:16:51,269 --> 00:16:48,480

the specific tnrc18

395

00:16:52,870 --> 00:16:51,279

function which corresponds to the

396

00:16:55,110 --> 00:16:52,880

previous slide

397

00:16:56,790 --> 00:16:55,120

to this run

398

00:16:58,069 --> 00:16:56,800

all of these

399

00:16:59,509 --> 00:16:58,079

hits are

400

00:17:01,189 --> 00:16:59,519

grouped into

401  
00:17:02,069 --> 00:17:01,199  
this function

402  
00:17:05,429 --> 00:17:02,079  
and

403  
00:17:07,750 --> 00:17:05,439  
we find also

404  
00:17:10,949 --> 00:17:07,760  
some proteins that are

405  
00:17:14,390 --> 00:17:10,959  
involved in chromatin remodeling

406  
00:17:15,990 --> 00:17:14,400  
and others like the winged dye

407  
00:17:20,789 --> 00:17:16,000  
it's a

408  
00:17:22,230 --> 00:17:20,799  
protein typical of arthropods and if

409  
00:17:25,270 --> 00:17:22,240  
the term

410  
00:17:27,270 --> 00:17:25,280  
times the

411  
00:17:29,990 --> 00:17:27,280  
the specific position of

412  
00:17:33,669 --> 00:17:30,000  
several parts of the body and

413  
00:17:35,270 --> 00:17:33,679

finally to a much lesser degree the phd

414

00:17:40,470 --> 00:17:35,280

function

415

00:17:45,750 --> 00:17:43,909

so regarding the structural analysis of

416

00:17:47,830 --> 00:17:45,760

this zoom

417

00:17:50,630 --> 00:17:47,840

is the

418

00:17:53,750 --> 00:17:50,640

distribution of disordered radiance this

419

00:17:59,510 --> 00:17:55,430

these are

420

00:18:02,870 --> 00:17:59,520

defined everything that is above this

421

00:18:04,630 --> 00:18:02,880

line is considered to be a disordered

422

00:18:06,470 --> 00:18:04,640

region

423

00:18:08,390 --> 00:18:06,480

but this below is

424

00:18:11,909 --> 00:18:08,400

likely to be uh

425

00:18:14,789 --> 00:18:11,919

a protein domain so

426

00:18:17,830 --> 00:18:14,799

what is reported in the many databases

427

00:18:19,270 --> 00:18:17,840

is this domain the bih which as you can

428

00:18:21,430 --> 00:18:19,280

see

429

00:18:24,310 --> 00:18:21,440

corresponds to only a small portion of

430

00:18:27,270 --> 00:18:24,320

the protons about a tenth of the protein

431

00:18:29,350 --> 00:18:27,280

and the the hypothetical function of

432

00:18:33,029 --> 00:18:29,360

this protein is

433

00:18:35,590 --> 00:18:33,039

predicted based on this specific

434

00:18:40,070 --> 00:18:35,600

but i

435

00:18:48,390 --> 00:18:43,590

the genes that

436

00:18:52,390 --> 00:18:49,750

responding to the functions that i

437

00:18:54,310 --> 00:18:52,400

showed you in the previous slide and

438

00:18:57,029 --> 00:18:54,320

i found that

439

00:18:58,549 --> 00:18:57,039

another domain called the tutor domain

440

00:19:01,270 --> 00:18:58,559

is also

441

00:19:03,430 --> 00:19:01,280

it aligns

442

00:19:07,270 --> 00:19:03,440

very well with this

443

00:19:08,630 --> 00:19:07,280

other region of the tnrc18 protein

444

00:19:10,470 --> 00:19:08,640

and

445

00:19:13,350 --> 00:19:10,480

this this is

446

00:19:14,630 --> 00:19:13,360

has been reported in the territory but

447

00:19:17,350 --> 00:19:14,640

only in

448

00:19:19,750 --> 00:19:17,360

two or three cases but

449

00:19:22,310 --> 00:19:19,760

the novelty here is this other domain

450

00:19:24,950 --> 00:19:22,320

the hoax 9 domain

451  
00:19:27,590 --> 00:19:24,960  
this has not been previously reported to

452  
00:19:31,029 --> 00:19:27,600  
be part of this protein but

453  
00:19:33,430 --> 00:19:31,039  
when i aligned the sequence of

454  
00:19:36,710 --> 00:19:33,440  
protein with half this domain

455  
00:19:39,350 --> 00:19:36,720  
with the dnrc8 protein

456  
00:19:42,310 --> 00:19:39,360  
there is a high similarity

457  
00:19:43,990 --> 00:19:42,320  
between both of them and it

458  
00:19:45,350 --> 00:19:44,000  
aligns exactly

459  
00:19:46,630 --> 00:19:45,360  
this region

460  
00:19:49,029 --> 00:19:46,640  
which

461  
00:19:51,590 --> 00:19:49,039  
the algorithm predicts to be and

462  
00:19:52,470 --> 00:19:51,600  
non-disordered version

463  
00:19:53,830 --> 00:19:52,480

so

464

00:19:56,150 --> 00:19:53,840

at least

465

00:20:00,549 --> 00:19:56,160

we have three different protein domains

466

00:20:07,190 --> 00:20:03,110

all of these domains the va

467

00:20:12,149 --> 00:20:07,200

h the two layer holds b9 are somehow

468

00:20:14,630 --> 00:20:13,590

so

469

00:20:18,470 --> 00:20:14,640

this

470

00:20:20,630 --> 00:20:18,480

suggests us that the tnr18 protein

471

00:20:22,310 --> 00:20:20,640

could be part of a transcriptional

472

00:20:23,830 --> 00:20:22,320

regulation network

473

00:20:26,310 --> 00:20:23,840

and those

474

00:20:33,270 --> 00:20:26,320

might not be the only one responsible

475

00:20:37,590 --> 00:20:36,710

there is evidence uh

476  
00:20:39,270 --> 00:20:37,600  
other

477  
00:20:41,530 --> 00:20:39,280  
brain aspects

478  
00:20:42,870 --> 00:20:41,540  
that are dependent on

479  
00:20:45,190 --> 00:20:42,880  
[Music]

480  
00:20:47,909 --> 00:20:45,200  
this kind of

481  
00:20:51,110 --> 00:20:47,919  
networks for example some aspects of

482  
00:20:54,630 --> 00:20:53,990  
some brain disorders

483  
00:20:55,990 --> 00:20:54,640  
in which

484  
00:20:57,430 --> 00:20:56,000  
[Music]

485  
00:21:00,470 --> 00:20:57,440  
a brain a

486  
00:21:04,470 --> 00:21:00,480  
transcriptional regulation network is

487  
00:21:08,870 --> 00:21:06,950  
so you may wonder if

488  
00:21:10,390 --> 00:21:08,880

how could a

489

00:21:15,029 --> 00:21:10,400

single

490

00:21:16,630 --> 00:21:15,039

sleep could make all the difference in

491

00:21:19,909 --> 00:21:16,640

this case well

492

00:21:23,190 --> 00:21:19,919

so far we do not know

493

00:21:25,430 --> 00:21:23,200

the results that reported

494

00:21:25,440 --> 00:21:30,230

very preliminary

495

00:21:36,070 --> 00:21:34,230

they report a aberration in a single

496

00:21:38,950 --> 00:21:36,080

position of

497

00:21:40,870 --> 00:21:38,960

a non-coding region of this gene

498

00:21:43,029 --> 00:21:40,880

but

499

00:21:46,470 --> 00:21:43,039

in the literature it has been reported

500

00:21:49,270 --> 00:21:46,480

that in other genes

501  
00:21:51,350 --> 00:21:49,280  
when we have a variation in

502  
00:21:53,350 --> 00:21:51,360  
unique slip we think

503  
00:21:55,590 --> 00:21:53,360  
also the infrared gradients or the

504  
00:21:58,149 --> 00:21:55,600  
non-coding gradients of the gene

505  
00:22:00,870 --> 00:21:58,159  
well this can result in the expression

506  
00:22:03,909 --> 00:22:00,880  
of different protein ice forms

507  
00:22:05,270 --> 00:22:03,919  
so a possibility is that

508  
00:22:07,990 --> 00:22:05,280  
people that

509  
00:22:09,430 --> 00:22:08,000  
have the let's call it the psychic

510  
00:22:10,549 --> 00:22:09,440  
variant

511  
00:22:12,630 --> 00:22:10,559  
express

512  
00:22:13,789 --> 00:22:12,640  
some protein isoform

513  
00:22:17,510 --> 00:22:13,799

and a

514

00:22:20,549 --> 00:22:17,520

non-sticky people express

515

00:22:22,470 --> 00:22:20,559

another isotope of the same

516

00:22:25,350 --> 00:22:22,480

protein

517

00:22:27,669 --> 00:22:25,360

and just to show you the importance of a

518

00:22:28,549 --> 00:22:27,679

single nucleotide change in a gene

519

00:22:30,149 --> 00:22:28,559

and

520

00:22:37,830 --> 00:22:30,159

i

521

00:22:41,350 --> 00:22:37,840

normal red blood cells and

522

00:22:45,510 --> 00:22:41,360

secant cell anemia

523

00:22:53,830 --> 00:22:47,110

as

524

00:22:55,270 --> 00:22:53,840

that affects

525

00:22:59,669 --> 00:22:55,280

large part of

526  
00:23:03,029 --> 00:22:59,679  
the population specifically in africa

527  
00:23:07,590 --> 00:23:05,830  
the only difference between

528  
00:23:10,470 --> 00:23:07,600  
this kind of cells and

529  
00:23:17,350 --> 00:23:12,230  
other

530  
00:23:20,310 --> 00:23:17,360  
is a mutation in a single nucleotide

531  
00:23:21,669 --> 00:23:20,320  
not within the known sequence but in the

532  
00:23:25,350 --> 00:23:21,679  
coding sequence

533  
00:23:26,870 --> 00:23:25,360  
so this results in a change of a single

534  
00:23:29,270 --> 00:23:26,880  
amino acid

535  
00:23:31,270 --> 00:23:29,280  
in this case valine instead of glutamic

536  
00:23:31,990 --> 00:23:31,280  
acid and

537  
00:23:34,070 --> 00:23:32,000  
the

538  
00:23:36,710 --> 00:23:34,080

molecule in chains are

539

00:23:39,750 --> 00:23:36,720

have an altered confirmation

540

00:23:42,149 --> 00:23:39,760

and ultimately this results in

541

00:23:43,750 --> 00:23:42,159

the production of abnormal

542

00:23:44,710 --> 00:23:43,760

red blood cells

543

00:23:47,510 --> 00:23:44,720

so

544

00:23:51,190 --> 00:23:49,669

yeah a single

545

00:23:53,110 --> 00:23:51,200

change in

546

00:23:55,430 --> 00:23:53,120

a single neuropathy

547

00:23:59,269 --> 00:23:55,440

can have very dramatic

548

00:23:59,279 --> 00:24:03,269

so what can be completed here

549

00:24:07,350 --> 00:24:05,269

the first thing is that the molecular

550

00:24:10,630 --> 00:24:07,360

basis for psychic abilities are more

551  
00:24:13,350 --> 00:24:10,640  
likely to rely on a protein network than

552  
00:24:17,430 --> 00:24:13,360  
on a single gene or a single

553  
00:24:24,149 --> 00:24:21,590  
perhaps even the functions identified

554  
00:24:27,430 --> 00:24:24,159  
for three of the domains that are likely

555  
00:24:29,510 --> 00:24:27,440  
to be present in the dnrc8 protein

556  
00:24:32,149 --> 00:24:29,520  
this network is a transcriptional

557  
00:24:36,950 --> 00:24:32,159  
regulation one

558  
00:24:39,430 --> 00:24:36,960  
and if the human pnrc18 gene is

559  
00:24:41,110 --> 00:24:39,440  
somehow associated with

560  
00:24:41,990 --> 00:24:41,120  
side

561  
00:24:44,230 --> 00:24:42,000  
it is

562  
00:24:46,549 --> 00:24:44,240  
likely that this is also the case in

563  
00:24:51,430 --> 00:24:46,559

different organisms in which

564

00:24:58,830 --> 00:24:54,789

as you can remember the tnrc 18 gene is

565

00:25:01,269 --> 00:24:58,840

found in all main vertebrates all about

566

00:25:01,800 --> 00:25:01,279

confidence and

567

00:25:04,230 --> 00:25:01,810

we can

568

00:25:06,070 --> 00:25:04,240

[Music]

569

00:25:08,310 --> 00:25:06,080

if we

570

00:25:09,190 --> 00:25:08,320

turn to the evidence

571

00:25:12,789 --> 00:25:09,200

from

572

00:25:18,230 --> 00:25:15,029

we find that

573

00:25:21,909 --> 00:25:19,669

animals

574

00:25:24,710 --> 00:25:21,919

in which

575

00:25:26,390 --> 00:25:24,720

you suggested that they have some level

576  
00:25:29,029 --> 00:25:26,400  
of side

577  
00:25:30,789 --> 00:25:29,039  
yeah

578  
00:25:33,750 --> 00:25:30,799  
and uh

579  
00:25:38,310 --> 00:25:36,390  
just to elaborate a little bit more into

580  
00:25:43,029 --> 00:25:38,320  
this

581  
00:25:46,070 --> 00:25:43,039  
tree

582  
00:25:49,510 --> 00:25:46,080  
relax the amphibians because

583  
00:25:54,390 --> 00:25:49,520  
we did not find the tnrc 18g

584  
00:26:01,029 --> 00:25:57,590  
what we do have is this

585  
00:26:04,230 --> 00:26:01,039  
the presence of the tnrc18 protein in

586  
00:26:06,870 --> 00:26:04,240  
fish birds non-human mammals and

587  
00:26:11,909 --> 00:26:08,950  
according to the principles of

588  
00:26:16,950 --> 00:26:11,919

evolutionary biology

589

00:26:21,269 --> 00:26:19,430

we can use the principle of maximum

590

00:26:22,390 --> 00:26:21,279

parsimony

591

00:26:23,590 --> 00:26:22,400

and

592

00:26:24,470 --> 00:26:23,600

say well

593

00:26:26,549 --> 00:26:24,480

these

594

00:26:27,590 --> 00:26:26,559

three seems

595

00:26:29,669 --> 00:26:27,600

to be

596

00:26:32,470 --> 00:26:29,679

complicated because

597

00:26:34,789 --> 00:26:32,480

it would mean that this gene appeared

598

00:26:37,350 --> 00:26:34,799

independently

599

00:26:41,590 --> 00:26:37,360

within each of these

600

00:26:44,310 --> 00:26:43,190

each of them

601  
00:26:45,990 --> 00:26:44,320  
each of these

602  
00:26:47,750 --> 00:26:46,000  
characters is

603  
00:26:49,350 --> 00:26:47,760  
considered

604  
00:26:50,870 --> 00:26:49,360  
is called a step

605  
00:26:53,510 --> 00:26:50,880  
and

606  
00:26:55,750 --> 00:26:53,520  
this means that this specific phylogeny

607  
00:26:59,430 --> 00:26:55,760  
isotopical phylogenetic three has four

608  
00:27:01,990 --> 00:26:59,440  
steps but there is a most parsimonious

609  
00:27:03,990 --> 00:27:02,000  
explanation

610  
00:27:06,710 --> 00:27:04,000  
which is this

611  
00:27:07,990 --> 00:27:06,720  
this means that tnrc18

612  
00:27:09,590 --> 00:27:08,000  
gene

613  
00:27:10,710 --> 00:27:09,600

originated

614

00:27:12,870 --> 00:27:10,720

at a time

615

00:27:14,390 --> 00:27:12,880

before the divergence of

616

00:27:15,430 --> 00:27:14,400

all of these groups

617

00:27:18,549 --> 00:27:15,440

and

618

00:27:20,630 --> 00:27:18,559

well when they diverge they already have

619

00:27:22,389 --> 00:27:20,640

this specific gene

620

00:27:24,870 --> 00:27:22,399

this tree is

621

00:27:26,549 --> 00:27:24,880

less complicated it involves only one

622

00:27:28,310 --> 00:27:26,559

step

623

00:27:30,710 --> 00:27:28,320

and

624

00:27:33,510 --> 00:27:30,720

it has been shown in

625

00:27:36,470 --> 00:27:33,520

many cases that

626  
00:27:37,590 --> 00:27:36,480  
we have two hypotheses the left one and

627  
00:27:39,110 --> 00:27:37,600  
the right one

628  
00:27:40,549 --> 00:27:39,120  
there

629  
00:27:43,750 --> 00:27:40,559  
most likely

630  
00:27:45,510 --> 00:27:43,760  
is this one

631  
00:27:48,950 --> 00:27:45,520  
the one with the

632  
00:27:52,950 --> 00:27:48,960  
less number of steps and

633  
00:27:54,470 --> 00:27:52,960  
these perhaps could also apply to the

634  
00:27:56,549 --> 00:27:54,480  
site

635  
00:27:58,630 --> 00:27:56,559  
if we review the

636  
00:28:00,230 --> 00:27:58,640  
all of the experiments

637  
00:28:03,669 --> 00:28:00,240  
done in the field of

638  
00:28:10,470 --> 00:28:08,630

it has been suggested in fish birds in

639

00:28:13,430 --> 00:28:10,480

non-human mammals and

640

00:28:14,830 --> 00:28:13,440

obviously in humans

641

00:28:17,029 --> 00:28:14,840

so it is a

642

00:28:18,549 --> 00:28:17,039

pattern pretty much like

643

00:28:23,029 --> 00:28:18,559

the one of the

644

00:28:25,669 --> 00:28:23,039

distribution of the tnrc8 engine and

645

00:28:27,110 --> 00:28:25,679

perhaps a simpler hypothesis would be

646

00:28:28,470 --> 00:28:27,120

this that

647

00:28:31,190 --> 00:28:28,480

psy did not

648

00:28:33,669 --> 00:28:31,200

originated independently in

649

00:28:37,110 --> 00:28:33,679

each of these groups but

650

00:28:40,870 --> 00:28:37,120

originated at least before the

651

00:28:43,830 --> 00:28:40,880

divergence of vertebrates

652

00:28:46,470 --> 00:28:43,840

it could also be have

653

00:28:47,669 --> 00:28:46,480

could also have originated even before

654

00:28:49,990 --> 00:28:47,679

but uh

655

00:28:52,389 --> 00:28:50,000

with the evidence so far this is the

656

00:28:54,310 --> 00:28:52,399

farthest we can go

657

00:28:56,630 --> 00:28:54,320

and finally the

658

00:28:58,870 --> 00:28:56,640

which are the perspectives

659

00:29:00,389 --> 00:28:58,880

for the well

660

00:29:02,789 --> 00:29:00,399

obviously further

661

00:29:04,710 --> 00:29:02,799

phylogenetic analysis with distantly

662

00:29:05,510 --> 00:29:04,720

related molecules

663

00:29:07,510 --> 00:29:05,520

which

664

00:29:11,510 --> 00:29:07,520

could help us to elucidate the

665

00:29:12,549 --> 00:29:11,520

evolutionary history of the dnrc8 engine

666

00:29:14,950 --> 00:29:12,559

and

667

00:29:17,190 --> 00:29:14,960

if we combine these with more robust

668

00:29:20,630 --> 00:29:17,200

genetic studies that follow the line of

669

00:29:26,310 --> 00:29:23,190

this could give us a wider picture of a

670

00:29:27,190 --> 00:29:26,320

molecular basis of sight in functioning

671

00:29:29,830 --> 00:29:27,200

and

672

00:29:31,830 --> 00:29:29,840

we could make use of for example the

673

00:29:35,669 --> 00:29:31,840

microarray technologies

674

00:29:36,630 --> 00:29:35,679

transcriptomics and proteomics and also

675

00:29:40,460 --> 00:29:36,640

a

676  
00:29:42,310 --> 00:29:40,470  
in order to

677  
00:29:44,230 --> 00:29:42,320  
[Music]

678  
00:29:45,669 --> 00:29:44,240  
try to detect if

679  
00:29:50,389 --> 00:29:45,679  
psychic

680  
00:29:54,389 --> 00:29:51,590  
have

681  
00:29:57,269 --> 00:29:54,399  
a specific anomaly of in a particular

682  
00:29:59,110 --> 00:29:57,279  
brain structure that is lacking in

683  
00:29:59,909 --> 00:29:59,120  
people that are

684  
00:30:02,149 --> 00:29:59,919  
have

685  
00:30:03,029 --> 00:30:02,159  
a non-sized bearing

686  
00:30:05,269 --> 00:30:03,039  
and

687  
00:30:06,950 --> 00:30:05,279  
well that's pretty much it thank you

688  
00:30:08,630 --> 00:30:06,960

very much

689

00:30:11,669 --> 00:30:08,640

thank you alex

690

00:30:13,350 --> 00:30:11,679

we do have one question

691

00:30:15,750 --> 00:30:13,360

first i see actually two questions now

692

00:30:17,430 --> 00:30:15,760

so one question is does this imply

693

00:30:19,269 --> 00:30:17,440

that psi potential may have been

694

00:30:22,789 --> 00:30:19,279

developed before fish in the

695

00:30:25,110 --> 00:30:22,799

evolutionary time frame

696

00:30:27,430 --> 00:30:25,120

yeah yeah it is

697

00:30:30,230 --> 00:30:27,440

a hypothesis uh

698

00:30:31,990 --> 00:30:30,240

as i showed you in the

699

00:30:34,830 --> 00:30:32,000

this hypothetical

700

00:30:36,630 --> 00:30:34,840

phylogenetic tree

701  
00:30:39,510 --> 00:30:36,640  
fish

702  
00:30:41,110 --> 00:30:39,520  
there have been several studies with

703  
00:30:42,470 --> 00:30:41,120  
fish which

704  
00:30:44,389 --> 00:30:42,480  
suggested that

705  
00:30:47,190 --> 00:30:44,399  
they do have

706  
00:30:48,470 --> 00:30:47,200  
some levels of site

707  
00:30:50,149 --> 00:30:48,480  
so

708  
00:30:52,070 --> 00:30:50,159  
if we uh

709  
00:30:53,520 --> 00:30:52,080  
but well not only fish

710  
00:30:54,870 --> 00:30:53,530  
also reptiles and

711  
00:30:56,470 --> 00:30:54,880  
[Music]

712  
00:31:04,470 --> 00:30:56,480  
i

713  
00:31:06,310 --> 00:31:04,480

so

714

00:31:10,549 --> 00:31:06,320

this

715

00:31:14,789 --> 00:31:13,269

organisms belong to the same clad the

716

00:31:17,029 --> 00:31:14,799

vertebrates

717

00:31:23,990 --> 00:31:21,190

if fish have some level of sight

718

00:31:26,950 --> 00:31:24,000

the most likely explanation is that this

719

00:31:28,149 --> 00:31:26,960

trait appeared before the divergence of

720

00:31:31,029 --> 00:31:28,159

fish

721

00:31:33,110 --> 00:31:31,039

which would mean that

722

00:31:37,029 --> 00:31:33,120

even before the divergence of

723

00:31:39,029 --> 00:31:37,909

okay

724

00:31:41,110 --> 00:31:39,039

thank you

725

00:31:42,549 --> 00:31:41,120

another question are there other snps

726

00:31:44,149 --> 00:31:42,559

that were found that are found across

727

00:31:45,509 --> 00:31:44,159

the phylum genetic

728

00:31:47,269 --> 00:31:45,519

trees

729

00:31:48,070 --> 00:31:47,279

could you repeat the question please

730

00:31:50,789 --> 00:31:48,080

sure

731

00:31:54,070 --> 00:31:50,799

are there other snps that are found

732

00:31:55,269 --> 00:31:54,080

across the phylogenetic tree if so why

733

00:31:56,950 --> 00:31:55,279

would this be

734

00:32:00,310 --> 00:31:56,960

why would this one be involved in psy

735

00:32:03,830 --> 00:32:00,320

versus others

736

00:32:07,350 --> 00:32:06,070

i'm sorry i think i

737

00:32:08,630 --> 00:32:07,360

it's not

738

00:32:09,590 --> 00:32:08,640

[Music]

739

00:32:11,350 --> 00:32:09,600

other

740

00:32:13,430 --> 00:32:11,360

snips

741

00:32:15,830 --> 00:32:13,440

i assume it's i assume the question is

742

00:32:16,630 --> 00:32:15,840

related to snips

743

00:32:19,350 --> 00:32:16,640

well

744

00:32:21,350 --> 00:32:19,360

so far the only one that has been

745

00:32:24,230 --> 00:32:21,360

identified is

746

00:32:26,710 --> 00:32:24,240

this one the from the snip from this

747

00:32:28,350 --> 00:32:26,720

gene the dnrc 18

748

00:32:30,870 --> 00:32:28,360

gene

749

00:32:33,669 --> 00:32:30,880

[Music]

750

00:32:36,389 --> 00:32:35,430

something that can be done is

751  
00:32:39,269 --> 00:32:36,399  
take the

752  
00:32:40,070 --> 00:32:39,279  
the intronic sequence of which this snip

753  
00:32:41,029 --> 00:32:40,080  
is

754  
00:32:44,470 --> 00:32:41,039  
and

755  
00:32:47,269 --> 00:32:44,480  
compare it with the sequences of

756  
00:32:49,669 --> 00:32:47,279  
fish genes or reptile genes

757  
00:32:55,590 --> 00:32:51,990  
perform an alignment of all of these

758  
00:32:57,909 --> 00:32:55,600  
sequences and here you can find if

759  
00:32:59,029 --> 00:32:57,919  
this particular sniff is consistent

760  
00:33:02,310 --> 00:32:59,039  
across

761  
00:33:05,190 --> 00:33:02,320  
the vertebrates or on is only present in

762  
00:33:06,470 --> 00:33:05,200  
humans or in humans and some other group

763  
00:33:08,389 --> 00:33:06,480

and

764

00:33:11,269 --> 00:33:08,399

you

765

00:33:13,269 --> 00:33:11,279

could also detect other

766

00:33:15,830 --> 00:33:13,279

particular snips

767

00:33:20,470 --> 00:33:18,470

i think it

768

00:33:23,029 --> 00:33:20,480

you could not say these

769

00:33:27,190 --> 00:33:23,039

snips are somehow

770

00:33:29,570 --> 00:33:28,630

you are not

771

00:33:31,029 --> 00:33:29,580

evaluating

772

00:33:32,710 --> 00:33:31,039

[Music]

773

00:33:43,110 --> 00:33:32,720

the presence of sight in this other

774

00:33:49,909 --> 00:33:46,870

other animals they have

775

00:33:53,190 --> 00:33:49,919

some level of psy and also

776

00:33:55,029 --> 00:33:53,200

their ancestors also had it and

777

00:33:59,509 --> 00:33:55,039

something quite similar to

778

00:34:04,230 --> 00:34:01,430

but at least for this specific variant

779

00:34:10,950 --> 00:34:07,350

you can find out it is present in

780

00:34:14,149 --> 00:34:11,990

okay

781

00:34:16,629 --> 00:34:14,159

so and i just want to thank ramses and

782

00:34:20,149 --> 00:34:16,639

analysis for posting a couple of links

783

00:34:23,510 --> 00:34:20,159

both to your abstract and also to uh the

784

00:34:25,510 --> 00:34:23,520

wabib article um

785

00:34:27,190 --> 00:34:25,520

we do have another question

786

00:34:30,069 --> 00:34:27,200

how were your participants or samples

787

00:34:35,669 --> 00:34:32,389

could you repeat it please how were your

788

00:34:36,710 --> 00:34:35,679

participants or samples selected

789

00:34:38,869 --> 00:34:36,720

oh yeah

790

00:34:41,909 --> 00:34:38,879

uh

791

00:34:45,430 --> 00:34:44,149

the my sample consisted of

792

00:34:48,790 --> 00:34:45,440

[Music]

793

00:34:49,990 --> 00:34:48,800

the genes that were

794

00:34:51,430 --> 00:34:50,000

reported in

795

00:34:54,069 --> 00:34:51,440

this database

796

00:34:59,510 --> 00:34:56,629

it contains a genome completely

797

00:35:00,390 --> 00:34:59,520

sequenced genomes from

798

00:35:02,870 --> 00:35:00,400

many

799

00:35:10,870 --> 00:35:02,880

organisms not not only

800

00:35:18,790 --> 00:35:14,829

organisms from or all kingdoms right

801  
00:35:20,790 --> 00:35:18,800  
and this is what i took to be my

802  
00:35:24,230 --> 00:35:20,800  
sample

803  
00:35:25,829 --> 00:35:24,240  
given the sequence of the human

804  
00:35:27,910 --> 00:35:25,839  
protein

805  
00:35:32,069 --> 00:35:27,920  
this is search against all of these

806  
00:35:37,910 --> 00:35:35,030  
in order to detect if it is present in

807  
00:35:38,630 --> 00:35:37,920  
these organs

808  
00:35:43,109 --> 00:35:38,640  
i

809  
00:35:45,670 --> 00:35:43,119  
the sample of people that

810  
00:35:48,630 --> 00:35:45,680  
was used to detect this specifically

811  
00:35:53,910 --> 00:35:50,710  
was selected by helen

812  
00:36:04,870 --> 00:35:54,710  
i

813  
00:36:07,990 --> 00:36:06,150

so

814

00:36:09,270 --> 00:36:08,000

well i only

815

00:36:11,109 --> 00:36:09,280

consider

816

00:36:12,790 --> 00:36:11,119

genomes

817

00:36:14,230 --> 00:36:12,800

gene sequences

818

00:36:15,030 --> 00:36:14,240

okay

819

00:36:16,390 --> 00:36:15,040

all right well here here's an

820

00:36:17,829 --> 00:36:16,400

interesting actually two related

821

00:36:19,910 --> 00:36:17,839

questions um

822

00:36:22,710 --> 00:36:19,920

how did you learn about hawaiian wabe's

823

00:36:24,069 --> 00:36:22,720

article and what inspired you

824

00:36:26,390 --> 00:36:24,079

oh

825

00:36:28,310 --> 00:36:26,400

yeah well

826

00:36:30,230 --> 00:36:28,320

uh i do not want

827

00:36:32,069 --> 00:36:30,240

to spoil you guys because this is

828

00:36:34,470 --> 00:36:32,079

something that i will mention

829

00:36:37,589 --> 00:36:34,480

my talk of tomorrow about uh

830

00:36:41,109 --> 00:36:37,599

did i learn about this

831

00:36:44,550 --> 00:36:41,119

i was interested in this because

832

00:36:47,190 --> 00:36:44,560

as an evolutionary biologist i

833

00:36:49,990 --> 00:36:47,200

this is something that i do i

834

00:36:52,150 --> 00:36:50,000

i'm not an experimental biologist not

835

00:36:55,430 --> 00:36:52,160

also a field biologist but i'm

836

00:36:56,870 --> 00:36:55,440

a informed information

837

00:36:58,870 --> 00:36:56,880

so it's

838

00:37:01,430 --> 00:36:58,880

in my master

839

00:37:02,630 --> 00:37:01,440

and my phd is

840

00:37:04,069 --> 00:37:02,640

what i'm used to

841

00:37:07,030 --> 00:37:04,079

so

842

00:37:10,390 --> 00:37:08,870

i uh

843

00:37:11,589 --> 00:37:10,400

around

844

00:37:14,630 --> 00:37:11,599

a year ago

845

00:37:17,510 --> 00:37:14,640

i think perhaps a year and a half in the

846

00:37:20,470 --> 00:37:17,520

website of the institute of sciences i

847

00:37:21,589 --> 00:37:20,480

found a pro this project the genetics of

848

00:37:22,950 --> 00:37:21,599

psychic

849

00:37:24,150 --> 00:37:22,960

abilities

850

00:37:27,510 --> 00:37:24,160

and

851  
00:37:29,620 --> 00:37:27,520  
i also found that a

852  
00:37:31,030 --> 00:37:29,630  
consultant on this project was a

853  
00:37:32,390 --> 00:37:31,040  
[Music]

854  
00:37:35,589 --> 00:37:32,400  
very famous

855  
00:37:36,870 --> 00:37:35,599  
geneticist dr gary nolan from stanford

856  
00:37:39,910 --> 00:37:36,880  
university

857  
00:37:43,670 --> 00:37:39,920  
and so i began to follow this

858  
00:37:43,680 --> 00:37:45,990  
well

859  
00:37:51,589 --> 00:37:47,589  
i think in

860  
00:37:54,790 --> 00:37:51,599  
the 2019 meeting within writing shows

861  
00:37:58,310 --> 00:37:54,800  
some preliminary results of this project

862  
00:38:00,710 --> 00:37:59,349  
when i

863  
00:38:02,630 --> 00:38:00,720

read a

864

00:38:03,670 --> 00:38:02,640

paper

865

00:38:05,109 --> 00:38:03,680

what

866

00:38:08,950 --> 00:38:05,119

came to my mind

867

00:38:12,550 --> 00:38:10,870

but we have finally a

868

00:38:13,510 --> 00:38:12,560

gene which

869

00:38:15,829 --> 00:38:13,520

has

870

00:38:17,829 --> 00:38:15,839

with reported sequences a reported

871

00:38:20,150 --> 00:38:17,839

sequence

872

00:38:23,510 --> 00:38:20,160

can be analyzed through this kind of

873

00:38:23,520 --> 00:38:27,990

i decided to

874

00:38:30,710 --> 00:38:29,349

it would be a

875

00:38:32,790 --> 00:38:30,720

some

876

00:38:33,990 --> 00:38:32,800

kind of easy task

877

00:38:35,910 --> 00:38:34,000

so i

878

00:38:38,230 --> 00:38:35,920

took the this sequence from the

879

00:38:40,150 --> 00:38:38,240

[Music]

880

00:38:43,030 --> 00:38:40,160

that they reported and i began to

881

00:38:44,069 --> 00:38:43,040

perform different uh analysis

882

00:38:46,870 --> 00:38:44,079

and

883

00:38:49,109 --> 00:38:46,880

i finally came to what i will show you

884

00:38:50,470 --> 00:38:49,119

here

885

00:38:51,670 --> 00:38:50,480

okay

886

00:38:54,390 --> 00:38:51,680

so uh do you have any plans for

887

00:38:54,400 --> 00:38:57,750

yeah they are definitely

888

00:39:07,589 --> 00:38:59,030

i

889

00:39:10,150 --> 00:39:07,599  
reconstruct the phylogeny or the

890

00:39:11,750 --> 00:39:10,160  
evolutionary history of

891

00:39:14,150 --> 00:39:11,760  
this gene

892

00:39:16,310 --> 00:39:14,160  
but it's

893

00:39:24,230 --> 00:39:16,320  
i

894

00:39:25,910 --> 00:39:24,240  
but

895

00:39:27,109 --> 00:39:25,920  
i need

896

00:39:30,390 --> 00:39:27,119  
perhaps

897

00:39:32,310 --> 00:39:30,400  
hundreds or thousands of sequences

898

00:39:35,109 --> 00:39:32,320  
uh

899

00:39:40,230 --> 00:39:38,230  
want to have a more robust analysis and

900

00:39:43,430 --> 00:39:40,240  
uh

901  
00:39:46,390 --> 00:39:43,440  
i have looked in the literature and

902  
00:39:48,470 --> 00:39:46,400  
specifically for this gender as

903  
00:39:51,160 --> 00:39:48,480  
i have not found any

904  
00:39:52,470 --> 00:39:51,170  
revolutionary analysis

905  
00:39:54,550 --> 00:39:52,480  
[Music]

906  
00:39:57,510 --> 00:39:54,560  
let alone

907  
00:39:58,870 --> 00:39:57,520  
the phylogeny of this specific gene so i

908  
00:40:01,270 --> 00:39:58,880  
think

909  
00:40:01,280 --> 00:40:05,349  
i can publish if i

910  
00:40:11,030 --> 00:40:08,069  
reconstruct this phylogeny i think it

911  
00:40:12,309 --> 00:40:11,040  
can be published okay

912  
00:40:14,470 --> 00:40:12,319  
all right do we have any other questions

913  
00:40:18,309 --> 00:40:14,480

anyone else

914

00:40:23,030 --> 00:40:19,829

what are the next steps for this line of

915

00:40:27,829 --> 00:40:24,870

what's your next step

916

00:40:29,430 --> 00:40:27,839

my my next step for using search

917

00:40:31,990 --> 00:40:29,440

for the line for this particular line of

918

00:40:36,309 --> 00:40:32,000

research for the results

919

00:40:41,750 --> 00:40:38,390

this was a very

920

00:40:46,790 --> 00:40:43,349

what i

921

00:40:50,309 --> 00:40:46,800

would need to do is to

922

00:40:54,230 --> 00:40:51,829

my sample

923

00:40:57,510 --> 00:40:56,150

because in this specific database there

924

00:40:59,829 --> 00:40:57,520

are

925

00:41:01,910 --> 00:40:59,839

i think around a thousand

926  
00:41:04,230 --> 00:41:01,920  
genomes

927  
00:41:08,470 --> 00:41:04,240  
i will need to

928  
00:41:10,870 --> 00:41:08,480  
if we look at the for example the

929  
00:41:13,990 --> 00:41:10,880  
ncbi database

930  
00:41:16,390 --> 00:41:14,000  
to which the pubmed resource belongs we

931  
00:41:21,349 --> 00:41:18,150  
tens of thousands of

932  
00:41:23,829 --> 00:41:21,359  
genomes so

933  
00:41:25,829 --> 00:41:23,839  
that would be a first step

934  
00:41:28,230 --> 00:41:25,839  
look in the

935  
00:41:32,069 --> 00:41:28,240  
tiger quantity of genomes that are

936  
00:41:33,270 --> 00:41:32,079  
available publicly publicly available

937  
00:41:36,550 --> 00:41:33,280  
and

938  
00:41:41,589 --> 00:41:38,470

i think different

939

00:41:43,030 --> 00:41:41,599

structural analysis

940

00:41:46,470 --> 00:41:43,040

with

941

00:41:50,309 --> 00:41:46,480

more robust algorithms

942

00:41:52,790 --> 00:41:50,319

that uh can

943

00:41:55,750 --> 00:41:52,800

tell us more about the specific

944

00:42:01,430 --> 00:41:57,910

structure of this protein

945

00:42:01,440 --> 00:42:04,950

i i don't know

946

00:42:04,960 --> 00:42:09,030

i look but i

947

00:42:14,710 --> 00:42:11,270

what i have in mind is the

948

00:42:16,630 --> 00:42:14,720

evolutionary history of these genetics

949

00:42:18,069 --> 00:42:16,640

i think it's the that would be the next

950

00:42:21,829 --> 00:42:18,079

step

951  
00:42:23,510 --> 00:42:21,839  
and it will take a little while

952  
00:42:24,470 --> 00:42:23,520  
okay we only have a minute or two here

953  
00:42:26,470 --> 00:42:24,480  
um

954  
00:42:28,150 --> 00:42:26,480  
so a couple of quick questions first uh

955  
00:42:31,750 --> 00:42:28,160  
do you know if a gene for creativity has

956  
00:42:34,150 --> 00:42:33,190  
did you know

957  
00:42:35,030 --> 00:42:34,160  
that

958  
00:42:39,109 --> 00:42:35,040  
yeah

959  
00:42:41,990 --> 00:42:40,470  
is that a question

960  
00:42:43,510 --> 00:42:42,000  
that's a question yeah the question is

961  
00:42:46,630 --> 00:42:43,520  
whether you know whether or not a gene

962  
00:42:47,750 --> 00:42:46,640  
for creativity oh okay okay okay yeah

963  
00:42:50,390 --> 00:42:47,760

uh

964

00:42:53,349 --> 00:42:52,069

i think there are

965

00:42:56,069 --> 00:42:53,359

there are

966

00:42:59,030 --> 00:42:56,079

some studies that

967

00:43:00,630 --> 00:42:59,040

for example are

968

00:43:03,589 --> 00:43:00,640

i remember one that

969

00:43:05,670 --> 00:43:03,599

has to do with a musical ability with

970

00:43:06,170 --> 00:43:05,680

relative musical ability

971

00:43:08,309 --> 00:43:06,180

and

972

00:43:09,750 --> 00:43:08,319

[Music]

973

00:43:10,790 --> 00:43:09,760

they found a

974

00:43:13,109 --> 00:43:10,800

uh

975

00:43:15,270 --> 00:43:13,119

i don't remember if it was a single gene

976  
00:43:16,880 --> 00:43:15,280  
or a

977  
00:43:18,710 --> 00:43:16,890  
couple of jeans there

978  
00:43:19,990 --> 00:43:18,720  
[Music]

979  
00:43:23,349 --> 00:43:20,000  
but

980  
00:43:27,670 --> 00:43:25,829  
talk about a more wider picture

981  
00:43:29,829 --> 00:43:27,680  
involving

982  
00:43:32,950 --> 00:43:29,839  
for example genius or

983  
00:43:39,349 --> 00:43:36,870  
i i do not know if there is some gene

984  
00:43:41,829 --> 00:43:39,359  
related to that there is

985  
00:43:43,670 --> 00:43:41,839  
for example this gene that

986  
00:43:45,270 --> 00:43:43,680  
has to do with

987  
00:43:47,349 --> 00:43:45,280  
religious

988  
00:43:49,829 --> 00:43:47,359

experiences that

989

00:43:58,870 --> 00:43:49,839

i i don't know i don't remember the name

990

00:44:03,510 --> 00:44:00,230

all right if you can answer this uh

991

00:44:05,829 --> 00:44:03,520

relatively quickly uh if psy comes in on

992

00:44:08,710 --> 00:44:05,839

different perceptual channels you know

993

00:44:15,910 --> 00:44:08,720

visual auditory so on wouldn't there

994

00:44:21,109 --> 00:44:18,630

this is a complicated one because

995

00:44:24,550 --> 00:44:21,119

it's part of the

996

00:44:27,990 --> 00:44:25,910

tomorrow but

997

00:44:29,910 --> 00:44:28,000

uh

998

00:44:31,430 --> 00:44:29,920

so then we have people tune in tomorrow

999

00:44:33,349 --> 00:44:31,440

they can they can watch your session

1000

00:44:35,589 --> 00:44:33,359

tomorrow and and uh for the answer to

1001  
00:44:41,030 --> 00:44:35,599  
that

1002  
00:44:44,470 --> 00:44:42,069  
well

1003  
00:44:45,829 --> 00:44:44,480  
we so far we do not know

1004  
00:44:48,470 --> 00:44:45,839  
where does this

1005  
00:44:51,030 --> 00:44:48,480  
gene express well we know

1006  
00:44:52,790 --> 00:44:51,040  
it expressing some

1007  
00:44:55,589 --> 00:44:52,800  
specific brain gradients

1008  
00:44:58,950 --> 00:44:56,710  
we don't know

1009  
00:45:00,550 --> 00:44:58,960  
what uh

1010  
00:45:04,950 --> 00:45:00,560  
this

1011  
00:45:05,990 --> 00:45:04,960  
what the protein is doing perhaps it is

1012  
00:45:07,430 --> 00:45:06,000  
involving

1013  
00:45:10,550 --> 00:45:07,440

making more

1014

00:45:11,510 --> 00:45:10,560

neuronal connections or

1015

00:45:12,710 --> 00:45:11,520

new

1016

00:45:20,950 --> 00:45:12,720

specific

1017

00:45:20,960 --> 00:45:31,030

[Music]

1018

00:45:37,750 --> 00:45:33,030

resulting phenotype

1019

00:45:41,109 --> 00:45:38,870

all right well thank you for your time

1020

00:45:43,190 --> 00:45:41,119

thank you for your presentation alex

1021

00:45:44,710 --> 00:45:43,200

um i just wanted to

1022

00:45:46,950 --> 00:45:44,720

yeah i just want to let first of all i

1023

00:45:49,270 --> 00:45:46,960

gotta say i got to ask you um

1024

00:45:51,910 --> 00:45:49,280

your funkopop figures in the back you

1025

00:45:53,349 --> 00:45:51,920

collect particular characters

1026

00:45:57,109 --> 00:45:53,359

yeah

1027

00:46:01,750 --> 00:45:58,829

the ones in

1028

00:46:05,829 --> 00:46:01,760

this this part are from

1029

00:46:10,790 --> 00:46:09,430

and the ones that are above me are from

1030

00:46:16,150 --> 00:46:10,800

the boys

1031

00:46:18,630 --> 00:46:16,160

all right just had to ask i've got my